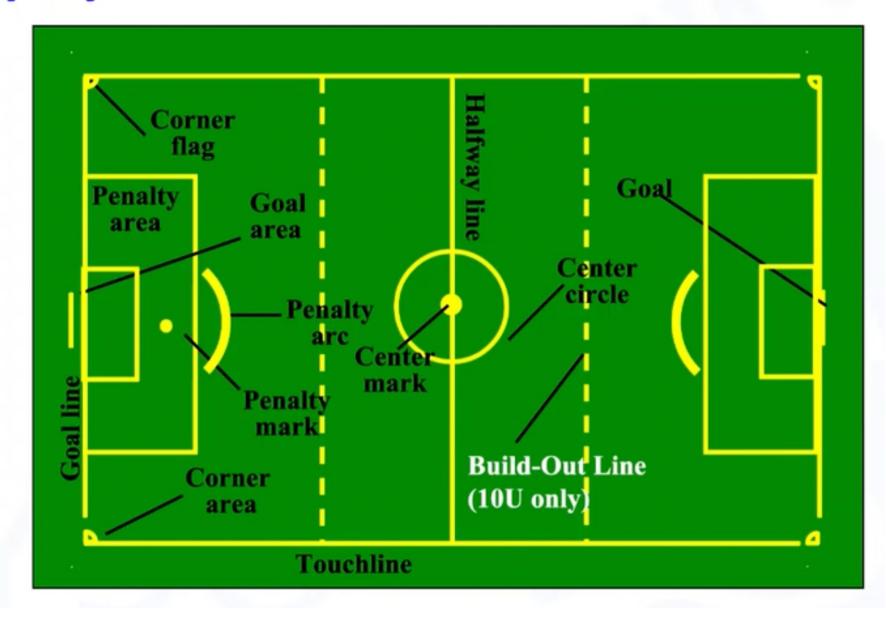
# Soccer 101

Chugiak Soccer Club

# Field of play



#### **Before the Game**

Referee tosses a coin and the winner chooses either

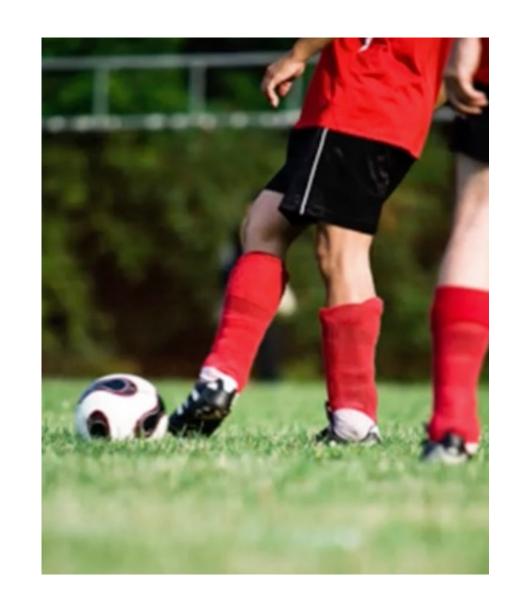
- Direction of Attack
- Possession



In the second half the teams switch direction

# Kick Off

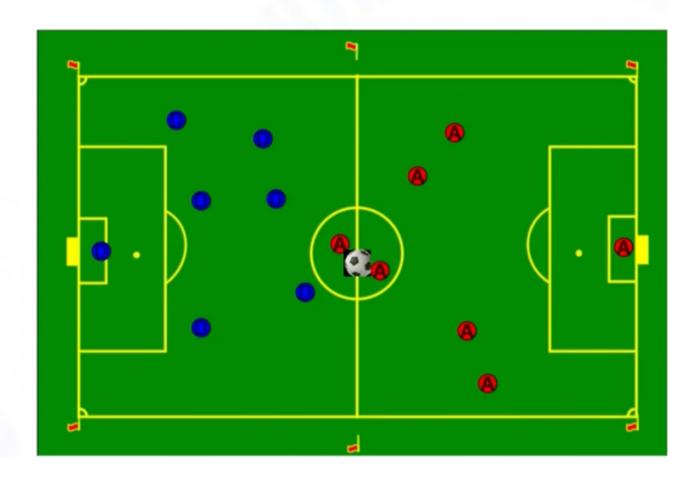
- Start the game
- Start the second half
- After a goal is scored



#### **Kick-Off**

# **Player locations**

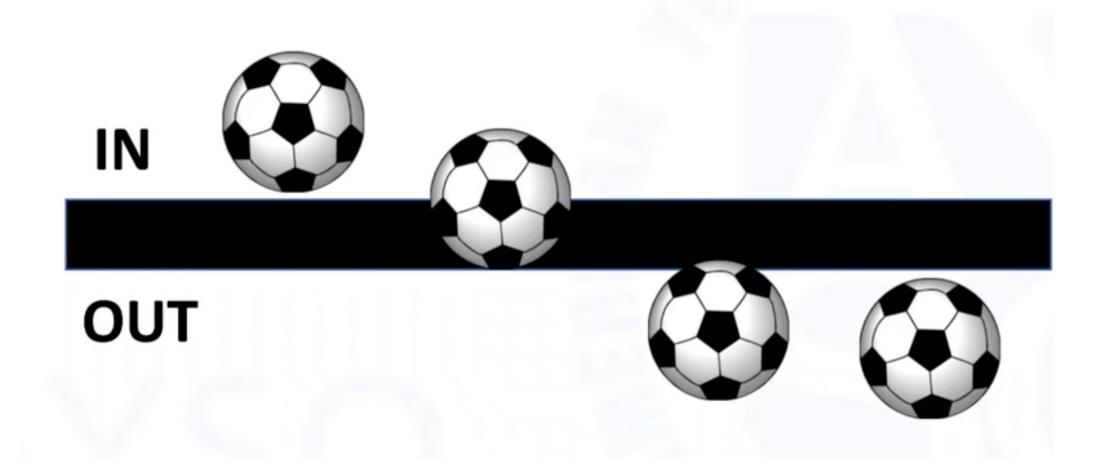
- All players on own side, except kicker
- Defenders outside center circle



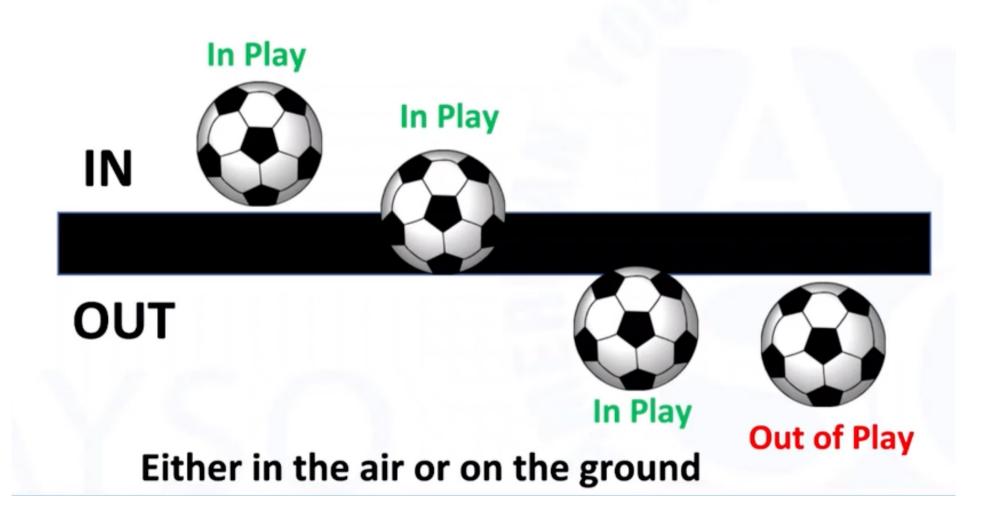
# Ball out of play, Scoring & Restarts



# YOU MAKE THE CALL: IN or OUT?

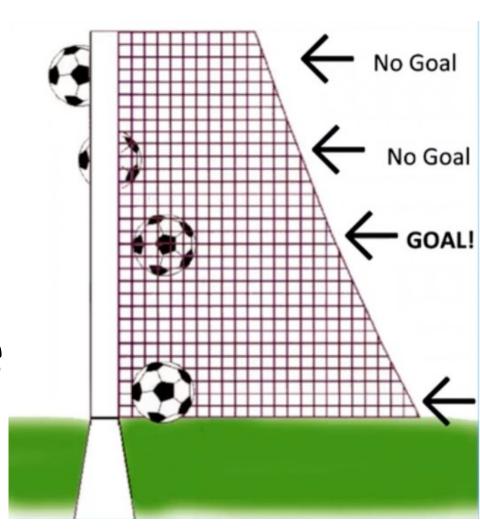


#### YOU MAKE THE CALL: IN or OUT?



# How to Score a Goal

When the whole ball crosses over the whole goal line, between the goalposts and beneath the crossbar.



#### Goal Kick of Corner Kick?

If the ball goes over the goal line and a goal isn't scored...

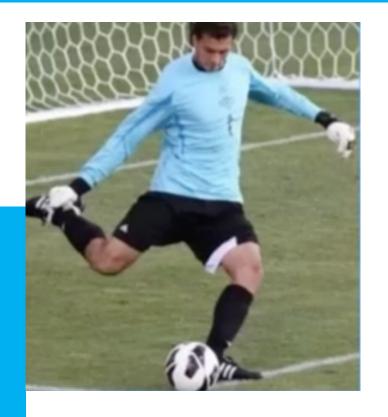


Kicked over by attacking team?

-Goal Kick for the defending team

Kicked over by the defending team?
-Corner Kick for the attacking team

Ball placed in the corner area



# Ball over the touchline restart

#### Throw-in

- Used when ball passes out of play over touchline
- Taken by <u>opponents</u> of team that last touched ball.
- Taken from approximately where ball left field.

#### Throw - In

At the moment of delivery the ball, the thrower must:







- Face the field of play
- Have Part of each foot touching the ground either on or behind the line
- Use both hands to deliver the ball from behind and over the head

#### A foul is an unsafe or unfair act:

- Committed while the ball is in play
- Generally while on the field of play
- Generally against opponents



# Offenses – formerly fouls

Named for the way play is restarted.

## Free kick fouls: two types

- Direct free kick (DFK) fouls usually involves contact
- Indirect free kick (IDFK) fouls

### Offenses (a sampling...) - Please see Law 12 - IFAB

- Direct Free Kick (DFK)
- Kicks or attempts to kick an opponent
- Trips or attempts to trip an opponent
- Strikes or attempts to strike and opponent
- Charges an opponent
- Pushes an opponent
- Holds an opponent
- Handling Offense



#### Indirect Free Kick (IFK)

- Impeding without contact
- Dangerous play most common in 10U
- Keeper picks up ball from a throw-in
- Dissent



# Direct free kick (DFK)

Goal may be scored directly from kick against opposing team.

# Indirect free kick (IFK)

Ball must touch any other player <u>before</u> a goal may be scored.

(referee indicating an IFK) -->

# **Dropped Ball**

Situations that require a restart other than previously mentioned. Goal may not be directly scored.



#### Misconduct

# Behavior that is in serious conflict with the spirit of the game and good sportsmanship.

Very rare in the 10U game.

#### Two types:

Those resulting in a Caution

Those resulting in a Send-Off

# **Elements of offside offense**

- 1. Offside position
- 2. Time of judgment
- 3. Active involvement

All three elements must be present or there cannot be an offense.



#### Offside position defined

#### Players are in an offside position if they are:

- In the opponents' half of the field\*, AND
- 2. Closer to the opponents' goal line than the ball, AND
- 3. Closer to the opponents' goal line than the second-to-last opponent.

All three elements MUST be present for a player to be in an offside position.



#### Boundary between onside and offside position

Whichever is closest to the goal line ...

the second to last opponent

OR

the ball

OR

the halfway line\*

Becomes the boundary between onside and offside position.

This is called the "Offside Line."

\*For 10U we use the BOL as an offside line instead of the halfway line

#### Effect of being in offside position

It is not an offense to be in an offside position. It just means that player is momentarily off their team.

The player cannot interfere with play or any of the opposing players.

The player cannot have any involvement in the match

The player is "off" their "side."

Not Offsides



#### WHEN IS OFFSIDE POSITION JUDGED?

The moment the ball was last TOUCHED or PLAYED by a teammate



### Attackers: onside vs offside position

If attackers are in an **onside position** when their teammate plays or is touched by the ball, they are free to move and play the ball.

If they are in an offside position when their teammate plays or is touched by the ball, they may NOT become involved in active play.

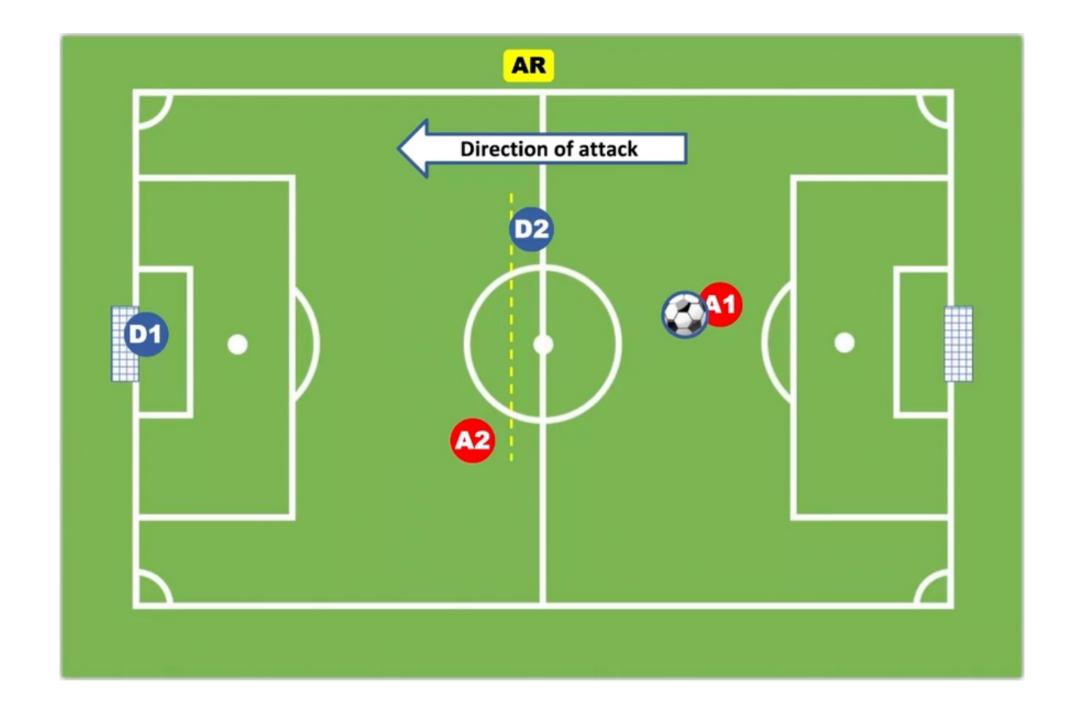
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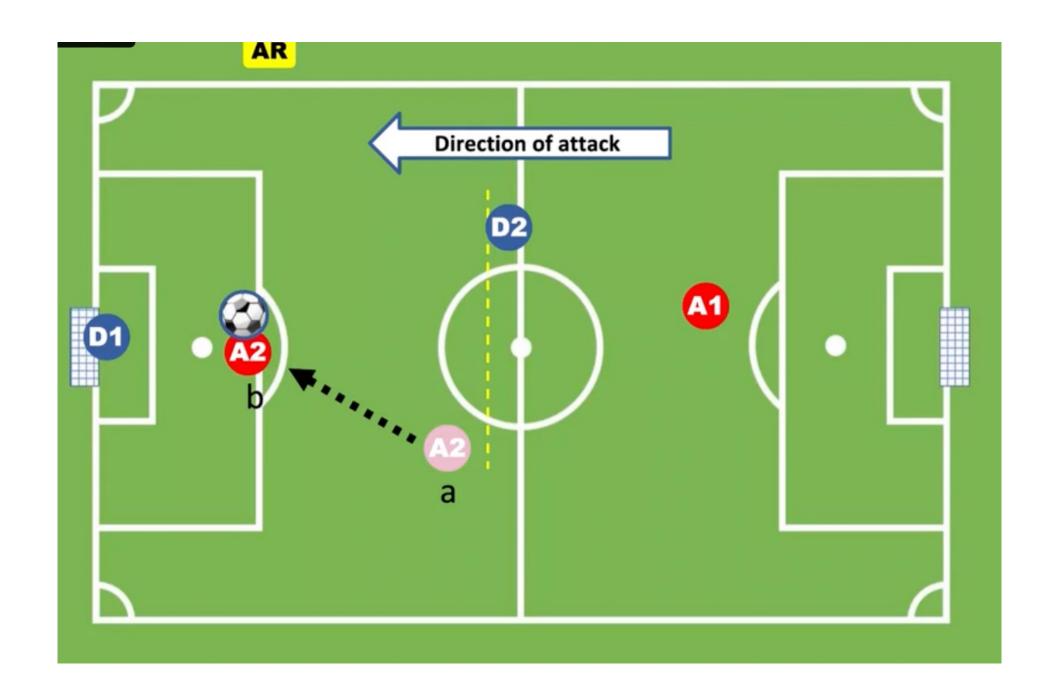


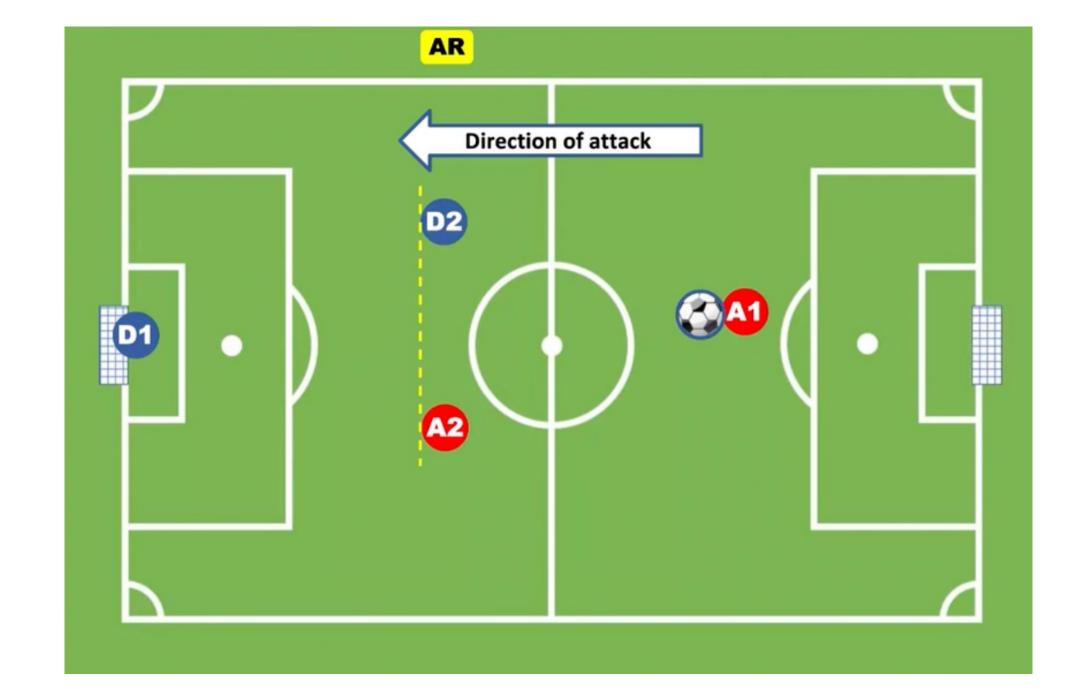
#### **Active involvement**

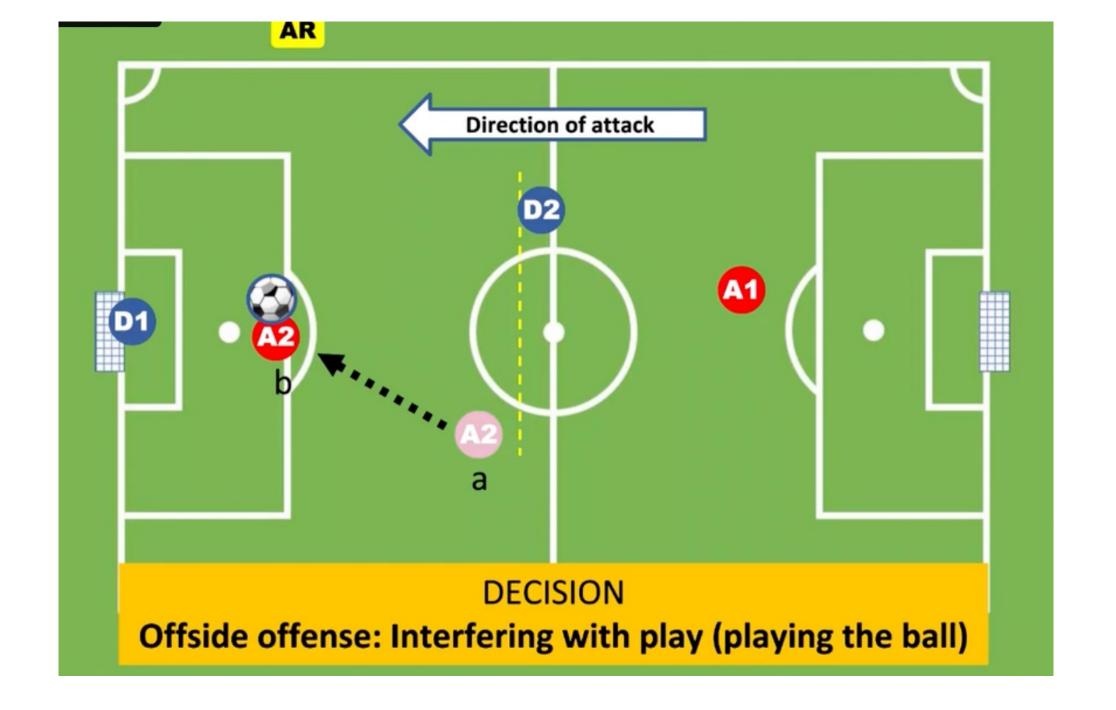
- Playing the ball or being touched by it (Interfering with play)
- Interfering with an opponent
- Gaining an advantage

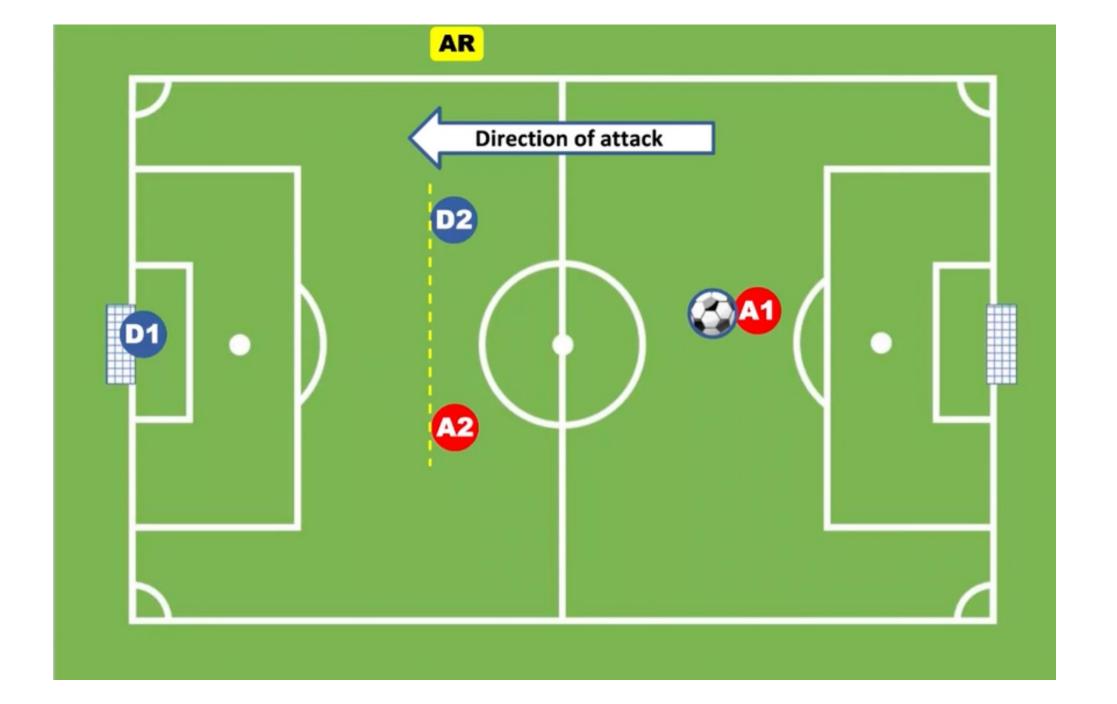
Gaining an advantage is doing P or I after the ball rebounds or is deflected by an opponent or the goal frame, or after an opponent makes a save.

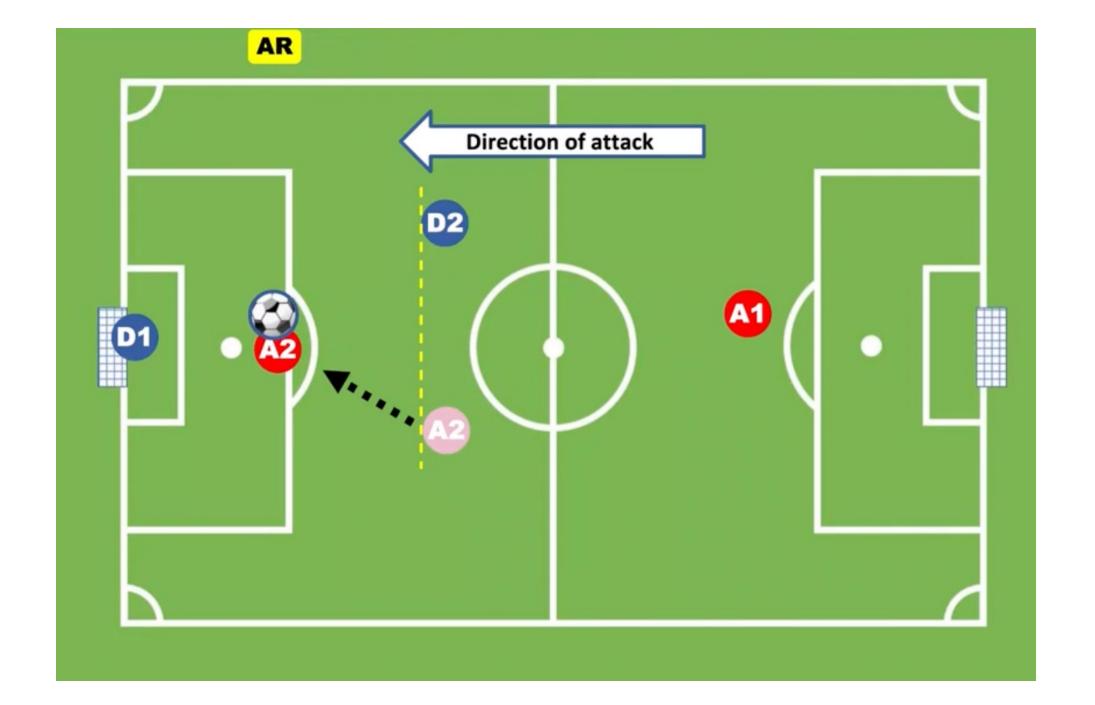




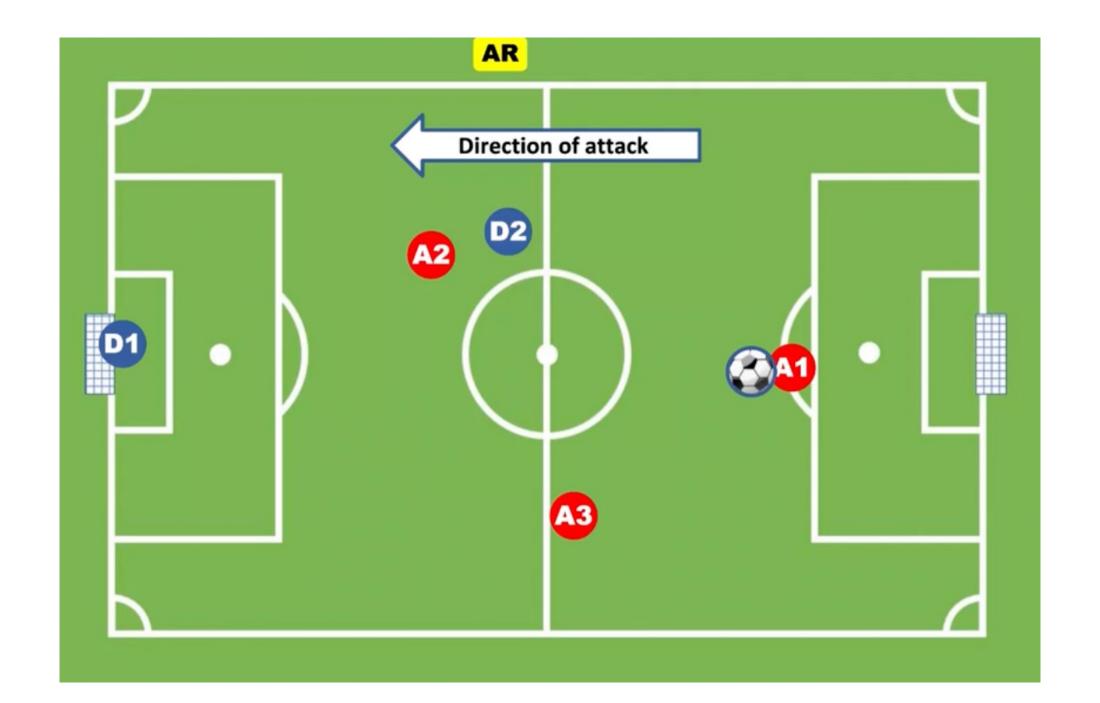


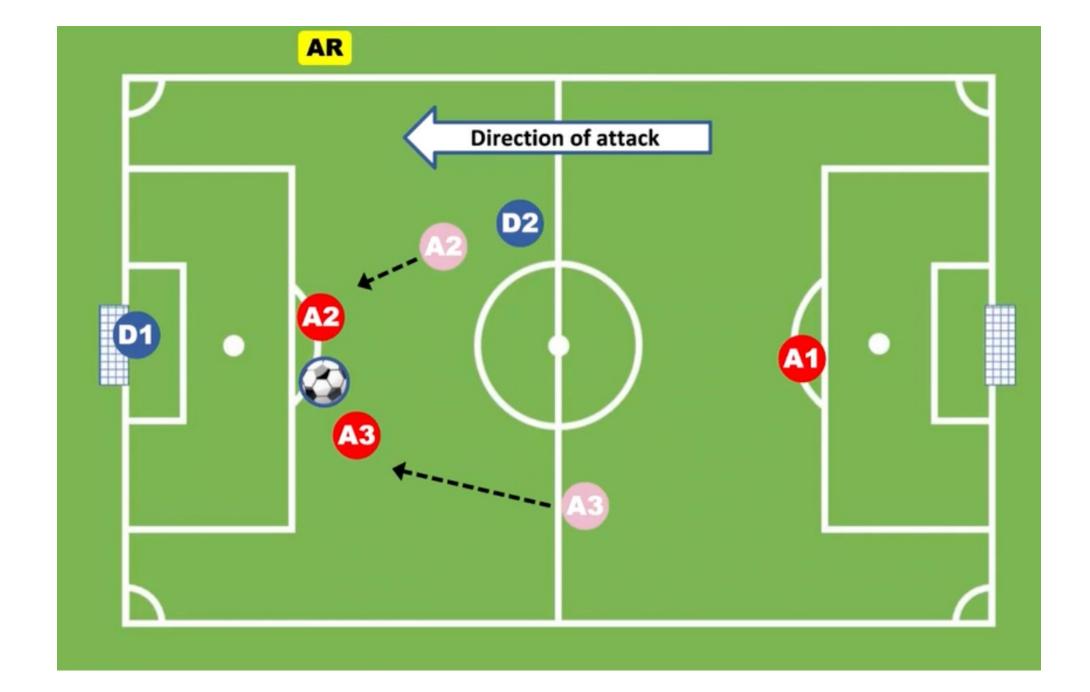


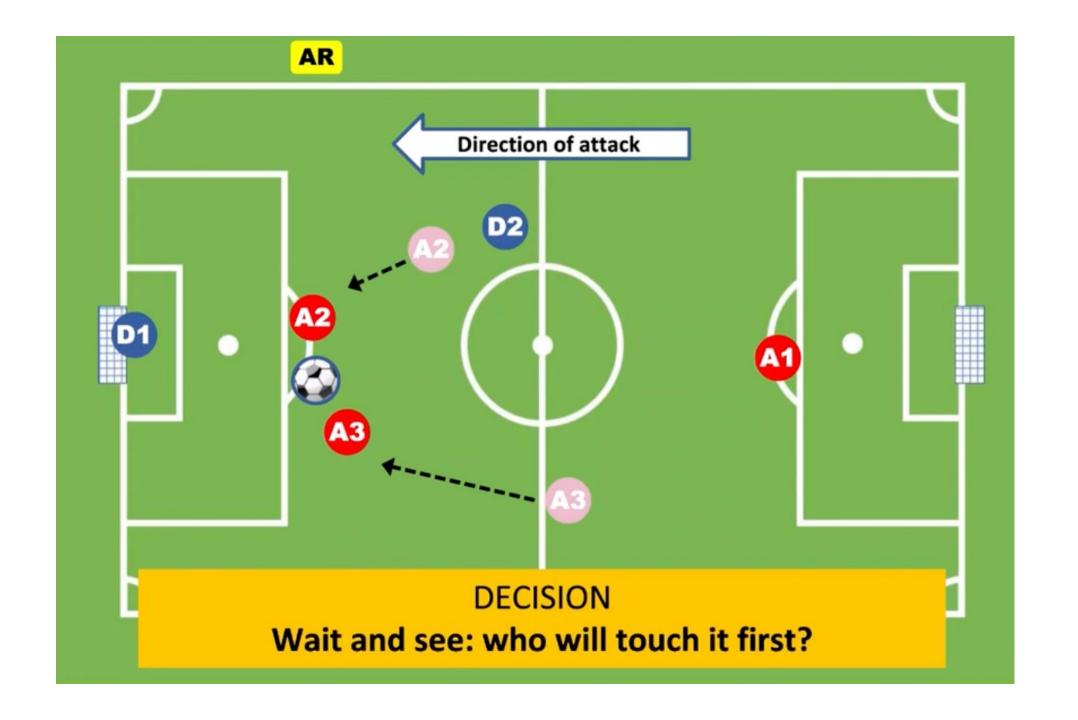


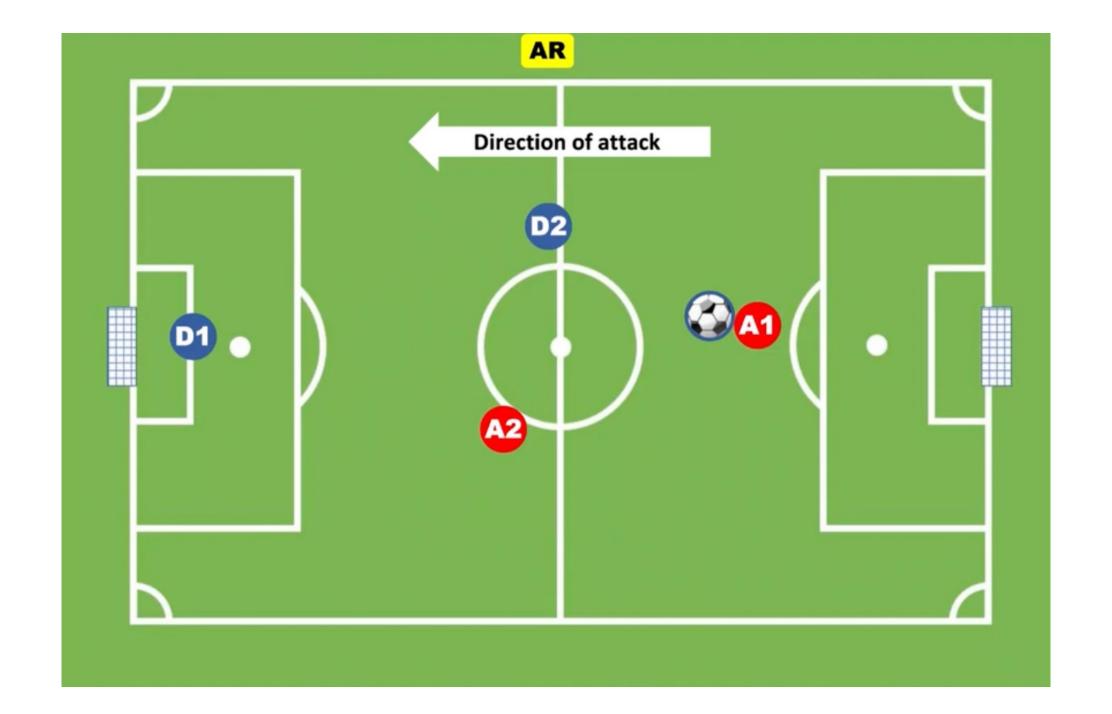


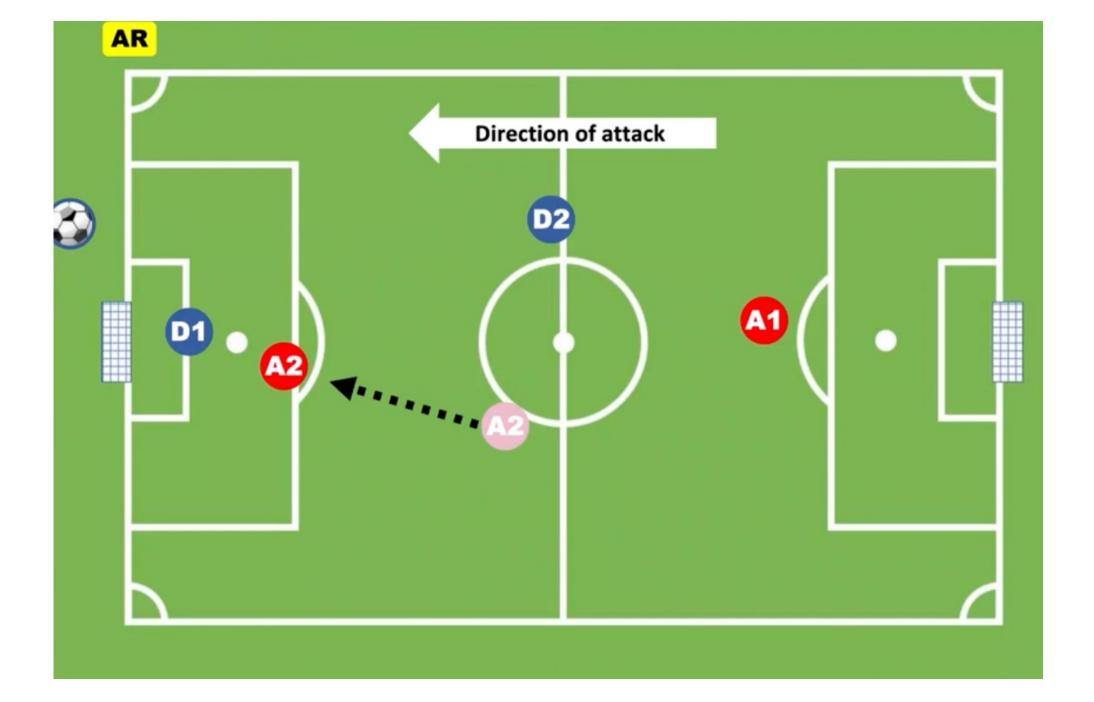




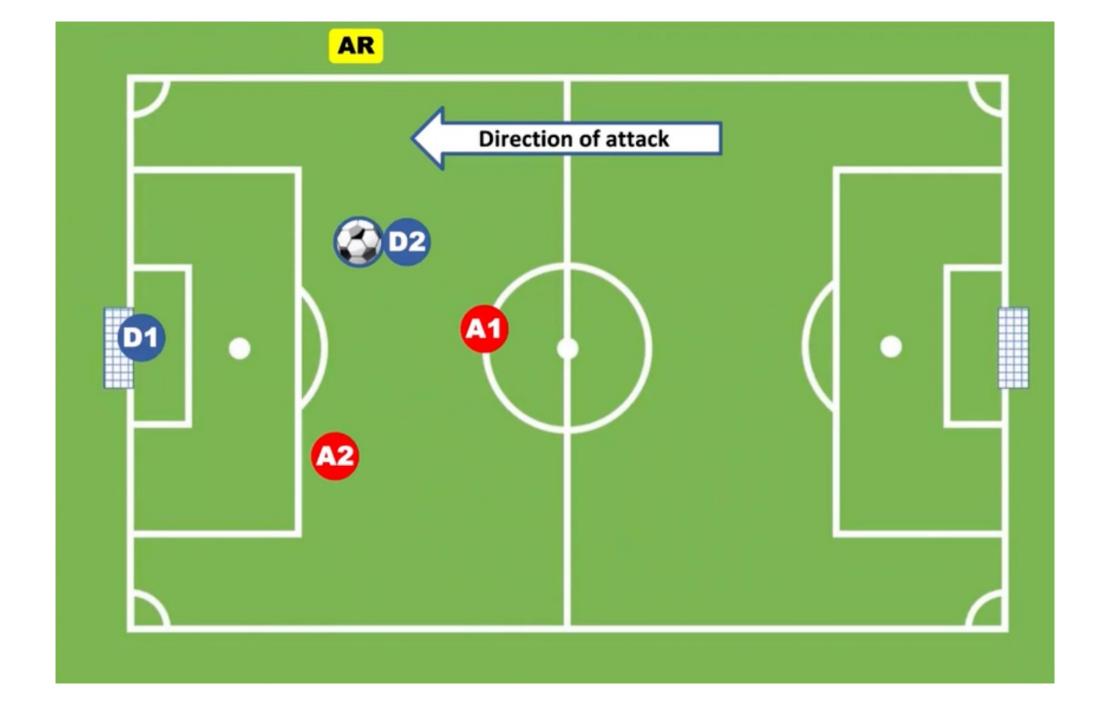


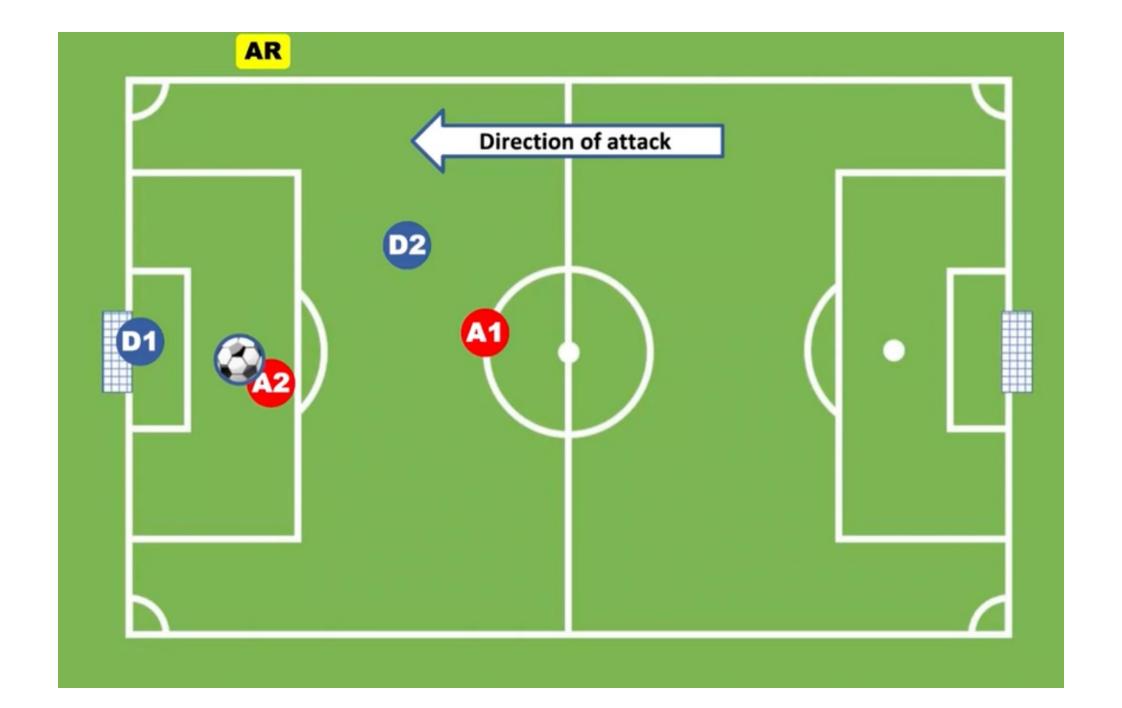














#### Offside offense defined

Once all three of these conditions have been met:

1) Offside position

2) Time of judgment

3) Active involvement

An offside offense has occurred.

## **Exceptions**

There is no offense if a player receives the ball directly from a:

- Goal Kick
- Corner Kick
- Throw-In

#### Offside offense defined

Once all three of these conditions have been met:

1) Offside position

# 2) Time of judgment

3) Active involvement

#### An offside offense has occurred.

An indirect free kick is awarded to the opposing team from the place the offense occurred.

# Please let me know if you have questions

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